



**SECTION 1: Identification**

**Product identifier:** Horizon Proclaim

**Other means of identification:** Detergent/Disinfectant

**SDS number:** 929

**Recommended use:** Sanitizer

**Recommended restrictions:** Not for personal care

**Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information**

**Company name:** U.N.X. Incorporated  
**Address:** 707 Arlington Blvd  
 Greenville, NC 27858  
**Telephone:** Office hour (Mon-Fri)  
 8:00a.m. – 4:00p.m. (Eastern Time)  
 OFFICE NUMBER: 252-756-8616  
**Contact Person** Jamie Singleton  
**E-mail:** unx@unxinc.com  
**Emergency phone number:** CHEMTEL (800) 255-3924 (24 HOURS)

**SECTION 2: Hazard(s) identification**

**Classification of the substance or mixture:**

**Physical hazards**

H290 May be corrosive to metals.

**Health hazards**

Acute toxicity; Oral/Dermal/Inhalation: Category 4  
 Skin corrosion/irritation: Category 1C  
 Serious eye damage/eye irritation: Category 1

**Environmental hazards**

Hazardous to the aquatic environment, Acute: Category 2  
 Hazardous to the aquatic environment, Long-term hazard: Category 2

**Label elements:**



**Signal word:** Danger

**Hazard statements**

H302 Harmful if swallowed.  
 H312 Harmful in contact with skin.

## SECTION 2: Hazard(s) identification (continued)

H314	Causes skin irritation.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H401	Toxic to aquatic life.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

### Precautionary statements

#### Prevention

P101	If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
P102	Keep out of reach of children.
P103	Read label before use.
P261	Avoid breathing dust/fumes/gas/mist/vapours/spray.
P264	Wash hands, arms, face and exposed skin thoroughly after handling.
P270	Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this products.
P271	Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
P273	Avoid release to the environment.
P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

#### Response:

P301+312	IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.
P302+352	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes.
P304+P340	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
P305+P351+P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P332+P313	If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
P337+P313	If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
P362+P364	Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

#### Storage:

P405	Store locked up.
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#### Disposal:

P501	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/ regional/ national/ international Regulations.
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### Hazard(s) not otherwise

Classified (HNOC)	Not classified
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## SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

### Substance/Mixtures

Chemical name	CAS Number	Concentration (%)
Water	7732-18-5	75-90
Phosphoric acid	7664-38-2	5-15
Oxalic acid	85409-23-0	0-5
Quaternary ammonium compounds, benzyl-C12-16-alkyldimethyl, chlorides	68424-85-1	0-5
Alcohols, C12-15, ethoxylated	68131-39-5	0-5
Ethanol	64-17-5	0-1

## SECTION 4: First-aid measures

### Description of first aid measures

**General advice:** Remove victims from the danger zone without endangering your own safety. Remove contaminated clothing (including underwear and shoes) immediately.

**Inhalation:** Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance then give artificial respiration, preferably by mouth-to-mouth, if possible. Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.

**Skin contact:** Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

**Eye contact:** Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

**Ingestion:** Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed:

**Notes to physician:** The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the length of exposure.

**Inhalation:** Irritation of nose, throat and airway.

**Ingestion:** May cause nausea and/or vomiting. Irritation of the mouth, throat, esophagus and gastrointestinal tract.

**Skin contact/Skin irritation:** Redness or rash may occur.

**Eye contact:** Causes irritation and burns of the eyes. Possible corneal damage. May cause conjunctivitis Lachrymation.

### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary:

Cases of eye contact and ingestion should be treated immediately. Have facilities in place to wash skin and eyes in case of exposure.

## SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

**Suitable extinguishing media:** Water fog, foam, dry chemical powder, or carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>).

**Unsuitable extinguishing media:** Do not use water jet as this can spread the fire. Do not use carbon dioxide in enclosed spaces with insufficient ventilation.

**Specific hazards arising from the chemical:** No unusual fire or explosion hazards noted. Product containers can melt in the heat of a fire. Packaging materials will be combustible and provide fuel for the fire. In the event of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes.

**Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters:** In the event of a fire, wear full protective clothing and NIOSH-approved self-contained breathing apparatus with full face piece operated in the pressure demand or other positive pressure mode. During fire-fighting respirator with independent air-supply and airtight garment is required. Fight fire in early stages if safe to do so. Containers at risk of fire should be cooled with water and, if possible removed from the danger area. Do not allow contaminated extinguishing water to enter the soil, ground-water or surface waters.

## SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

**Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:** Ventilate area of leak or spill. Ensure adequate ventilation/exhaust extraction. Put on protective equipment (see Section 8). Have emergency procedures in place for treating spillages, evacuating the area and informing the emergency services if necessary. Restrict access to the area until the spillage is treated, if large amounts of vapors are produced that will be hazardous to others, evacuate the area. When any other effects of spillages will affect the safety of others the area should be evacuated. Avoid ingestion, inhalation of vapors and contact with skin and eyes. Non-emergency personnel should be kept away from the area of spillage.

**Environment precautions:** Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewers system. Avoid unauthorized discharge to the environment. Clean up any spillages immediately; prevent material from spreading and entering drains or sewage systems. Large spillages or uncontrolled discharge to water systems must be alerted to the Environmental Agency or other regulatory body. If spillages to land cannot be treated safely or if contamination will occur the Environment Agency must be alerted immediately. If the product has entered a foul drain or sewage system in significant amounts to cause a hazard then the local water treatment company must be informed.

**Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up:** Contain and recover liquid when possible. Small spillages should be absorbed with an inert, non-combustible absorbent. Large Spillages: Dam and absorb spillages with sand, earth or other inert material. Small quantities can be wiped up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece.) Fit drain covers where they are available if the spillage is likely to enter the drainage system. Collect spillage in containers, seal securely and deliver for disposal according to local regulations. Containers with collected spillage must be properly labeled with correct contents and hazard symbol. Flush area clean with lots of water. Be aware of potential for surfaces to become slippery. Ventilate area and allow drying before allowing access. Wash thoroughly after dealing with a spillage.

**Reference to other sections:** Refer to sections 8 and 13 for additional information.

## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

**Precautions for safe handling:** Keep in a tightly closed container and protect from physical damage. Store in a cool, dry, and ventilated area. Keep away from sources of heat, moisture, incompatibilities, and away from direct sunlight. Do not mix with incompatible substances or mixtures. Avoid spilling the product. Do not wash out container and use it for other purposes. Avoid ingestion of the product, inhalation of any vapors/mists when produced and contact with skin and eyes. Do not eat, drink or smoke when handling. Wash at the end of each work shift, before eating, drinking, smoking and using the toilet. Remove contaminated clothing/footwear/equipment before entering eating areas or places that would expose others to the product. Do not use in areas close to drainage systems unless measures are in place to prevent access of product. Ensure emergency procedures are in place to treat spillages and cope with other situations such as evacuation. Provide eye washing and skin washing facilities, when handling large amounts a safety shower is recommended. Observe all warnings and precautions listed for the product.

**Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities:** Store in closed original container at temperatures between 40°F and 80°F. If the product is transferred to another container, this should be made of a compatible material to the original container. Store away from heat, direct sunlight and moisture. Store in a stable situation to avoid spillages. It is advisable to store in a bunded area or use other protective measures such as a sump pallet or storage tray.

## SECTION 8: Exposure control/personal protection

### Control Parameters

### Occupational exposure limits

**US.OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)**

Chemical Name	CAS-No.	Type	Value	
Ethanol	64-17-5	PEL	1,000 ppm	1,900 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Oxalic acid anhydrous	144-62-7	TWA	1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
Phosphoric acid	7664-38-2	TWA	1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	

**U.S. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values**

Chemical Name	CAS-No.	Type	Value
Ethanol	64-17-5	STEL	1,000 ppm
Phosphoric acid	7664-38-2	STEL	3 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
		TWA	1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Oxalic acid anhydrous	144-62-7	TWA	1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
		STEL	2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

**SECTION 8: Exposure control/personal protection (continued)**

**U.S. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards**

Chemical Name	CAS-No.	Type	Value	
Ethanol	64-17-5	TWA	1,000 ppm	1,900 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Oxalic acid anhydrous	144-62-7	TWA	1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
		IDLH	500 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
Phosphoric acid	7664-38-2	TWA	1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
		ST	3 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	

**Appropriate engineering controls:**

**Ventilation System:**

A system of local and/or general exhaust is recommended to keep employee exposures below the defined exposure limit requirements or guidelines. Local exhaust ventilation is generally preferred because it can control the emissions of the contaminant at its source, preventing dispersion of it into the general work area. Please refer to the ACGIH document, Industrial Ventilation, A Manual of Recommended Practices, most recent edition for details.

**Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment (PPE)**

**Eye Protection:** Use chemical safety goggles and/or full face shield where dusting or splashing of solutions is possible. Maintain eye wash fountain and quick-drench facilities in work area.

**Skin Protection:** Wear impervious protective clothing, including boots, gloves, lab coat, apron or coveralls, as appropriate, to prevent skin contact.

**Hand protection:** Wear protective gloves. Butyl rubber, rubber (natural, latex), nitrile, polyvinyl chloride (PVC). Be aware that latex gloves can produce an allergic reaction in sensitive individuals. Gloves should have a breakthrough time sufficient for the amount of handling but allow dexterity for safe movement and handling. The most suitable glove must be chosen in consultation with the gloves supplier, who can inform about the breakthrough time of the glove material. Gloves showing signs of degradation should be changed to avoid skin contamination. Be aware that the liquid may penetrate the gloves. Frequent change is advisable. When removing used gloves apply proper technique by avoiding skin contact with the outer surface. When packages of the product are being handled during storage or transport it is advisable to wear protective gloves to prevent damage to the skin.

**Personal Respirators (NIOSH Approved):** If the exposure limit is exceeded, a full face piece respirator with high efficiency dust/mist filter may be worn up to 50 times the exposure limit. Wear suitable respiratory protection when vapors or mists are produced if the Workplace Exposure Limit is exceeded and there is insufficient ventilation or extraction. For emergencies or instances where the exposure levels are not known, use a full face piece positive-pressure, air-supplied respirator. Respirator must be fitted with a cartridge suitable for the chemical of concern. Consult with the supplier as to the compatibility of the equipment with the chemical of concern. CAUTION: Air purifying respirators do not protect the user in oxygen deficient atmospheres, use air supplied system.

**Thermal Hazards:** Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.

**General hygiene considerations:** Wash hands, change out of clothes as soon as possible. Wash Clothes. Shower or bathe as soon as possible.

**Other protective measures:** Have an eye bath and safety shower close by.

## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

<b>Appearance:</b>	Liquid
<b>Colour:</b>	Clear liquid
<b>Odour:</b>	Mild Odor
<b>Odour Threshold:</b>	No data available
<b>pH:</b>	7 ± 0.5
<b>Melting point/range:</b>	No data available
<b>Boiling point/range:</b>	No data available
<b>Flash point:</b>	No data available
<b>Evaporation rate:</b>	No data available
<b>Flammability (solid, gas):</b>	No data available
<b>Upper/lower flammability of explosive limits:</b>	No data available
<b>Vapour pressure (mm Hg):</b>	No data available
<b>Vapour density (Air=1):</b>	No data available
<b>Relative density:</b>	No data available
<b>Solubility(ies):</b>	Excellent in warm water
<b>Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water):</b>	No data available
<b>Auto-ignition temperature:</b>	No data available
<b>Decomposition temperature:</b>	No data available
<b>Viscosity, dynamic:</b>	25

**Other Information:** This product contains no phosphates.

## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

**Reactivity and/or chemical stability:** No specific reactivity hazards associated with this product. Product is very stable under normal conditions.

**Possibility of hazardous reactions:** Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

**Conditions to avoid:** Avoid heat, direct sunlight, and moisture. Avoid storage with incompatible materials. Avoid storage in freezing conditions. Avoid storage near to unprotected drainage systems. It is advisable to store the product within some form of containment to prevent spillages reaching drainage systems. Do not allow the storage container to be left exposed to the atmosphere. Avoid storage in an unstable manner or in a situation that would result in exposure to the product.

**Incompatible Materials:** Strong oxidizing agents, anionic surfactants, and strong bases, and powdered metals.

**Hazardous Decomposition Products:** Upon decomposition this product may yield oxides of nitrogen and ammonia, carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide and other low weight molecular hydrocarbons.

**SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

**Acute toxicity:** Toxicological testing has not been conducted with this material. The toxicology information listed below is based on the components of this material.

Category 4- Oral/Dermal/Inhalation: Harmful; if swallowed/ in contact with skin/if inhaled.

<b>Quaternary ammonium compounds, benzyl-C12-16-alkyldimethyl, chlorides – ATE (Acute Toxicity Estimate)</b>	
Oral LD <sub>50</sub> 229 mg/kg (Rat)	Dermal LD <sub>50</sub> 421 mg/kg (Rabbit)

<b>N-Alkyl(C12-16)-N,N-dimethyl-N-benzylammonium chloride – ATE (Acute Toxicity Estimate)</b>	
Oral LD <sub>50</sub> 344 mg/kg (Rat)	Dermal LD <sub>50</sub> 3,340 mg/kg (Rabbit)

<b>Didecyldimethylammonium chloride – ATE (Acute Toxicity Estimate)</b>	
Oral LD <sub>50</sub> 238 mg/kg (Rat)	Dermal LD <sub>50</sub> 3,342 mg/kg (Rabbit)

<b>Oxalic acid anhydrous – ATE (Acute Toxicity Estimate) / Draize Test</b>		
Oral LD <sub>50</sub> 7,500 mg/kg (Rat)	Draize Test 250 µg/24 h Severe (Rabbit, eye)	Draize Test 500 mg/24 h Mild (Rabbit, skin)

<b>Phosphoric acid – ATE (Acute Toxicity Estimate)</b>		
Oral LD <sub>50</sub> 1,530 mg/kg (Rat)	Dermal LD <sub>50</sub> 2,740 mg/kg (Rabbit)	Inhalation: Dust LC <sub>50</sub> 850 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (Rat)

<b>Alcohols, C12-15, ethoxylated – ATE (Acute Toxicity Estimate)</b>	
Oral LD <sub>50</sub> 1,200 mg/kg (Rat)	Dermal LD <sub>50</sub> 5000 mg/kg (Rat)

<b>Ethanol</b>
A3 Confirmed animal carcinogen with unknown relevance to humans.

**Skin Corrosion/ irritation:** Category 1C: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

**Serious eye damage/irritation:** Category 1: Causes serious eye damage.

**Respiratory or skin sensitization:** No information available.

**Germ cell mutagenicity:** Classification not possible.      **Carcinogenicity:** Classification not possible.

**Reproductive toxicity:** Classification not possible.

**Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure:** Classification not possible.

**Aspiration hazard:** Classification not possible.



## SECTION 12: Ecological information

**Toxicity:** Do not allow to escape into waterways, wastewater or soil. Ecotoxicological studies of the product are not available. Please find below the data available to us from raw materials:

### Aquatic ecotoxicity

Acute: Category 2: Toxic to aquatic life.

Chronic: Category 2: Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Mixture of ADBAC/ADEBAC*		
EC <sub>50</sub> Algae 0.063 mg/L 96 hrs	LC <sub>50</sub> Daphnia 0.0058 – 0.016 mg/L 48 hrs	LC <sub>50</sub> Fish 0.86 ppm 96 hrs

\*Alkyl dimethyl benzyl ammonium chlorides / Alkyl dimethyl ethylbenzyl ammonium chlorides

Oxalic acid anhydrous	
LC <sub>50</sub> Bluegill sunfish 4,000 mg/L 24 h	LC <sub>50</sub> mosquito fish (static conditions) 1,350 mg/L 24 h

Alcohols, C12-15, ethoxylated		
LC <sub>50</sub> Fathead minnow 2.7 mg/L 96 h	EC <sub>50</sub> Daphnia 0.4 – 0.75 mg/L 48 h	EC <sub>50</sub> Algae 0.9 mg/L 96 h

**Persistence and degradability:** Several screening studies and grab sample tests indicate that under aerobic and anaerobic conditions, oxalic acid will readily biodegrade in aquatic ecosystems. Based on an experimental Henry's Law constant of  $1.4 \cdot 10^{-10}$  atm-m<sup>3</sup>/mole at 25 °C, oxalic acid is expected to be essentially nonvolatile from water. Adsorption to sediment and bioconcentration in aquatic organisms is most likely not an important fate process for oxalic acid.

**Bioaccumulative potential:** Based on an average experimental water solubility of 220,000 mg/L at 25°C and a regression derived equation, the BCF for oxalic acid can be estimated to be approximately 0.6 and therefore should not be expected to bioconcentrate in aquatic organisms.

**Mobility in soil:** An estimated K<sub>oc</sub> value of 5 for oxalic acid indicates high mobility in soil and oxalic acid has been detected in groundwater. Oxalic acid in the ambient atmosphere may react slowly with OH radicals, but it is removed rapidly by photolysis; the daytime persistence of oxalic acid is not expected to exceed a few hours. Based on its high water solubility, removal from air via wet deposition is likely to occur. Oxalic acid may also be removed from air via dry deposition with 11% of the total deposition being dry deposition. When spilled onto soil, phosphoric acid will infiltrate downward, the rate being greater with lower concentration because of reduced viscosity. During transport through the soil, phosphoric acid will dissolve some of the soil material, in particular, carbonate-based materials. The acid will be neutralized to some degree with adsorption of the proton and phosphate ions also possible. However, significant amounts of acid will remain for transport down toward the groundwater table. Upon reaching the groundwater table, the acid will continue to move in the direction of groundwater flow. Information obtained from US National Library of Medicine.

**Other adverse effects:** No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

## SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

### General information

Do not allow unauthorized disposal to the environment. If operators are exposed to vapors during the disposal process then suitable respiratory protection should be worn. All other personal protective equipment as described in section 8 should be worn.

### Disposal methods:

Avoid unauthorized disposal. Do not dump into any sewers, on the ground, or into any body of water. All disposal practices must be in compliance with federal, state/provincial and local laws and regulations. In case of spill, dike, collect and contact local authorities about disposal.

## SECTION 14: Transport information

UN Number:	NA 1760
UN Proper Shipping Name:	COMPOUND, CLEANING LIQUID (PHOSPHORIC ACID)
Transport hazard class(es):	
DOT Hazard Class:	8
DOT Subsidiary Hazard Class:	Not Available
Label:	CORROSIVE
Packing group, if available:	II
Environmental Hazards:	No
Special precautions for user:	Not DOT regulated.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78<sup>3</sup> and the IBC Code <sup>3</sup>: Not applicable

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

### Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Unless otherwise noted, no components are SARA TITLE 3 SECTION 313 40 CFR listed materials. The ingredients of this product are listed on the TSCA inventory.

**US federal regulations:** This product is U.S. EPA registered pesticide. This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

**CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)** Not listed.

**US. OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)** Not listed.

### Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

Hazard categories	Immediate Hazard – Yes
	Delayed Hazard – No
	Fire Hazard – No
	Pressure Hazard – No
	Reactivity Hazard – No

**SECTION 15: Regulatory information (continued)**

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance No  
 SARA 311/312 Hazardous chemical Yes  
 SARA 311/312 Tier II Hazard Ratings:

Component	CAS #	Fire Hazard	Reactivity Hazard	Pressure Hazard	Immediate Health Hazard	Chronic Health Hazard
Phosphoric acid	7664-38-2	No	No	No	Yes	Yes
Oxalic acid	144-62-7	No	No	No	Yes	Yes
Alcohols, C12-15, Ethoxylated	68131-39-5	No	No	No	Yes	No

SARA 313 (TRI reporting) Not regulated.

**Other federal regulations**

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List Not regulated.  
 Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130) Not regulated.  
 Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) Not regulated.

The following components appear on one or more of the following state hazardous substance lists:

Component	CAS #	CA	FL	MA	MN	NJ	PA
Ethanol	64-17-5	No	No	Yes	No	No	Yes
Oxalic acid	144-62-7	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Phosphoric acid	7664-38-2	No	No	Yes	No	Yes	Yes

**California Prop. 65 Components**

This product does not contain any chemicals known to State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, or any other reproductive harm.

**SECTION 16: Other information including date of preparation or last revision**

<b>Chemical State:</b> Liquid	Issue Date:	5-31-2015	3	Health
<b>Chemical Type:</b> Mixture	Revision Date:	-	0	Flammability
	Version #:	01	0	Physical Hazard
			D	Personal Protection

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. **However, neither U.N.X. Incorporated nor any of its subsidiaries assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.** Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may represent unknown hazards and should be used within caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards which exist.